



County of Yolo Sustainability Best Practices Activities



About This Document

This document tracks and shares local agency best practice activities completed and counted as part of a city or county's participation the climate change and sustainability recognition program, the Beacon Program. The Beacon Program is a statewide program recognizing cities and counties that are working to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, save energy and adopt policies and programs that promote sustainability.

The Beacon Program is sponsored by the Institute for Local Government and the Statewide Energy Efficiency Collaborative. The Statewide Energy Efficiency Collaborative (SEEC) provides support to cities and counties to help them reduce greenhouse gas emissions and save energy. SEEC is an alliance between three statewide non-profit organizations and California's four Investor-Owned Utilities. It builds upon the unique resources, expertise and local agency relationships of each partner.



Supporting California local governments

The Beacon Program is funded by California utility ratepayers and administered by Pacific Gas and Electric Company, San Diego Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison and Southern California Gas Company under the auspices of the California Public Utilities Commission.





















SPOTLIGHT AWARD Areas of Accomplishment	SILVER LEVEL	GOLD LEVEL	PLATINUM LEVEL
Agency GHG Reductions			
Community GHG Reductions			
Agency Energy Savings			
Natural Gas Savings			
Sustainability Best Practice Activities			2017





















County of Yolo

Best Practice Activities www.ca-ilg.org/BeaconAward/



Energy Efficiency and Conservation Activity

Level	Energy Efficiency and Conservation Activities	Reported
Silver	 In March 2016, Yolo County, along with the City of Davis, agreed to form a Joint Powers Agency to purchase electricity for residents and businesses in the county and city through a community choice aggregation program. Called the Valley Clean Energy Alliance (VCEA), the program also now includes the City of Woodland which joined in May 2017. The VCEA will become operational in early 2017 and will provide an increased level of electricity generated from renewable sources. [www.yolocounty.org/ community-services/planning-division/community-choice-aggregation-cca]. 	2017
Level	Energy Efficiency and Conservation Activities	Reported
Gold	 Yolo County participates in PACE programs that offer residents a mechanism to finance energy efficiency and water conservation improvements with no upfront expenditures. In 1982, Yolo County adopted a comprehensive energy plan related to transportation, electricity, and natural gas usage in the county. 	2017

Level	Energy Efficiency & Conservation Activities	Reported
Platinum	 On September 11, 2007 the Board of Supervisors unanimously adopted a resolution declaring that Yolo County was joining with 13 other counties in the United States to participate in the Cool Counties Climate Stabilization Declaration, thereby making Yolo County one of only 13 charter counties in the entire country making this commitment. This commits Yolo County to seek to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 80% by the year 2050. In 2006 Yolo County joined the Climate Registry and remained a member until 2009, when the Registry ceased to offer a verification process. This third party verification of GHG emission reductions enabled the county to quantify energy and related GHG emission reductions. 	2017























Energy Efficiency and Conservation Activity

Level	Energy Efficiency & Conservation Activities	Reported
Platinum	 Energy Efficiency & Conservation Activities Yolo County completed a wide range of energy efficiency retrofits and projects for county facilities, including the following: Replaced incandescent lights with compact fluorescent bulbs in agency buildings. This energy retrofit has dramatically saved energy and lowered costs. Conducted a countywide energy conservation retrofit program in 2004 resulting in retrofitted county building light packages, boilers, economizers, chillers, VFDs (vacuum fluorescent display), fans, water heaters, motors, and HVAC (Heating Ventilation Air Conditioning) for increased energy efficiency and a projected savings of nearly one half million dollars per year over a 15 year period. Conducted a countywide computer energy management program in 2004 to install electronic computerized climate control in all major county buildings, including establishing standard thermostat levels for summer and winter for buildings that are controlled by the energy management system. Participated in several rebate programs through the county's energy provider (PG&E), including rebates for solar installations, critical peak pricing, the "demand bidding program" that trades kilowatts for dollars by reducing load, and the countywide energy conservation retrofit program. Installed cogeneration capacity at the Monroe Detention Facility, as part of the countywide retrofit program, with an estimated savings of \$30,000 per year over a 15-year period. 	2017
	 Established a building closure program to close older, less energy -efficient buildings, including demolition of certain buildings with extremely high energy costs, for an estimated annual savings of nearly \$200,000 per year over a 15 year period. In 2010, Yolo County established the Yolo County Energy Watch in conjunction with PG&E to promote energy efficiency in small and medium size businesses, as well as in the residential and agricultural sectors. Yolo Energy Watch paid for the City of Woodland and Yolo-Solano AQMD to join the Climate Registry. 	
	Yolo Energy Watch helped Woodland complete a Climate Action Plan through a partnership with students and faculty at UC Davis.	























Water & Wastewater Systems **Activity**

Level	Water & Wastewater Systems Activity	Reported
Silver	The new Herbert Bauer, M.D. County Health and Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health agency building included waterless urinals, thus saving a potential 400,000 gallons of water annually.	2017

Level	Water & Wastewater Systems Activities	Reported
Gold	 In conjunction with the El Macero County Service Area and the Yolo County Resource Conservation District, in June 2015, the county offered a workshop in unincorporated El Macero area (south of Davis) for residents. Topics included how to check water use online, free leak testing information, converting from a sprinkler to drip irrigation system and lawn conversion to drought tolerant native plants. In 2011 the Yolo County Agriculture Commissioner conducted an Agricultural Pump Efficiency workshop for Yolo County farmers to increase both water and energy efficiency. 	2017

Level	Water and Wastewater Systems Activities	Reported
Platinum	 In 2016, during the drought, and in conjunction with the Madison Community Services District, Yolo Energy Watch sponsored a "Festival of Services" that featured water and energy efficiency techniques and tools. In 2016, during the drought, Yolo Energy Watch partnered with the City of Woodland to conduct a hands-on community demonstration of water and energy efficiency methods and tools. In 2016, in partnership with the Water Conservation Coordinator for the City of West Sacramento, Yolo Energy Watch conducted a water and energy efficiency community workshop at the public library. In 2016, during the drought, Yolo Energy Watch, in conjunction with the City of West Sacramento, conducted "parking lot" festivals at Home Depot and Lowe's hardware stores in West Sacramento to demonstrate and promote water and energy efficiency methods and tools. In 2012, Yolo Energy Watch participated in the Harper Solar Garden project by providing a solar powered irrigation system to be used by the students at the junior high school in Davis. 	2017























Green Building Activity

Level	Green Building Activity	Reported
Silver	Even prior to adoption of a Climate Action Plan, Yolo County adopted a policy that all new county buildings meet LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) standards.	2017

Level	Green Building Activities	Reported
Gold	 Yolo County designed and built the Winters branch library replacement project to meet LEED Silver criteria. The Winters project includes a new technology that freezes water in a large storage device during nighttime hours and uses the ice to reduce daytime cooling by as much as 60% during the next day. The West Sacramento branch library replacement project was designed and built to meet LEED Silver criteria. The green building results in reduced carbon emissions and in an earth-friendly design. 	2017

Level	Green Building Activity	Reported
Platinum	 The new Herbert Bauer, M.D. Health and Alcohol, Drug & Mental Health building was built to LEED standards. It includes a large number of green building features. For example, these include reduced water usage, building location and orientation to reduce heating and cooling loads, provision for bicycle parking, water efficient landscaping, shaded parking, waterless urinals, energy generation via a photovoltaic array, adoption of time-of-use metering, optimizing building reflectance in place of absorption, energy efficient appliances, recycling, salvaging and other techniques during construction, and use of paint with low levels of volatile organic compounds. The Yolo County Board of Supervisors adopted a directive that construction of the new county jail be as energy and resource conservative as permitted by law. The 2010 Yolo County Climate Action Plan included a policy that new residential construction exceed the then current Title 24 building standards by 15%. n addition, new residential construction over 3500 square feet was required to exceed Title 24 by 30%. 	2017























Waste Reduction and Recycling Activity

Level	Waste Reduction Activity	Reported
Silver	1. Yolo County has long offered recycling opportunities to residents who live in the northern, unincorporated part of the county through the Esparto Recycling and Transfer Station. The facility offers free recycling of glass, plastic, mixed paper, metals, used oil and filters, cardboard and e-waste. Since most of the rural parts of the county do not have curbside recycling, the Esparto facility makes it possible for residents to recycle. The facility is open Wednesdays and Saturdays.	2017

Level	Waste Reduction Activities	Reported
Gold	 The Yolo County Central Landfill, owned by the county, provides a wide range of services to county residents. These include a permanent household hazardous waste drop-off facility, free mattress recycling, ewaste recycling, a wood waste drop off venue, appliance and white-goods drop off venue, and small quantity hazardous wastes generator drop off options for businesses. As part of a bigger diversion strategy, in 2016, The Big Blue Building was inaugurated at the Yolo Central Landfill. It allows Yolo County residents to drop off usable items, such as furniture, that otherwise would be disposed of. These items are sold at heavily discounted prices to county residents. The program has been immensely popular and successful. 	2017

Level	Waste Reduction Activity	Reported
Platinum	1. The Central Landfill's bioreactor uses advanced anaerobic digestion to generate methane and energy from not only landfill gas but also from recovering remaining landfill material. The main goal is to speed up decomposition so that instead of taking decades to turn solid waste into methane, it can be done in approximately ten years. This results in more landfill capacity, along with opportunities to produce landfill gas, electricity and compost. The Central Landfill's bioreactor demonstration project has been highly successful.	2017























Waste Reduction and Recycling Activity

Level	Waste Reduction Activities	Reported
Platinum	 In 1985, prior to the county owning the landfill gas facility, Yolo County worked with a private company to produce electricity from landfill methane gas at the landfill. The completed gas to energy facility generated 20,000 kilowatt hours per year of electricity Then the county took over ownership of the facility. The now county-owned landfill gas-to-energy plant is located just south of the landfill's Waste Management Units 4 and 5 and west of the water storage pond. The facility produces approximately 4 MW of electricity from landfill methane gas that is sold to the Sacramento Municipal Utility District. 	2017























Climate-friendly Purchasing Activity

Level	Climate-Friendly Activity	Reported
Silver	In 2007 Yolo County conducted the "Roadway Rehabilitation project" using rubberized asphalt concrete to over six miles of Yolo County roads. The project used 16,000 tires that would have otherwise gone to landfills in California. This project helped to promote recycling and reuse of tires.	2017

Level	Climate-Friendly Activities	Reported
Gold	 Yolo County adopted a countywide appliance replacement program for Yolo County facilities to replace, in conjunction with utility rebates, older, energy inefficient appliances, such as refrigerators (the county had more than 50 that were over 20 years old), with energy efficient Energy Star appliances. Yolo County has a policy and practice of purchasing and using paper with 30 percent recycled content. 	2017

Level	Climate-Friendly Activity	Reported
Platinum	 In 2008 Yolo County adopted a comprehensive "Green Procurement Policy" that requires all county departments to promote recycling, waste prevention, purchase of "Environmentally Preferred Products," and "Recycled Content Products." The Yolo County purchasing policy goes beyond requirements for paper, printing cartridges, cleaning supplies, and other routine purchases. It also requires encouragement of waste prevention, recycling, market development, and use of recycled/recyclable materials through lease agreements, contractual relationships, and purchasing policies with vendors, contractors, businesses, and other governmental agencies. In 2008 Yolo County required design and implementation of a Construction and Demolition Ordinance that requires all post-2010 new county owned or leased buildings be constructed following Green Building Council recommendations. 	2017























Climate-friendly Purchasing Activity

Level	Climate-Friendly Activity	Reported
Platinum	 Yolo County requires an Employee Education and Outreach program to instill a belief and enthusiasm in county employees that demonstrates the county's concern for the environment by employees actively participating in green procurement policies and recycling programs. A significant innovation is the county requirement that each county department or division purchase one new item each year that is made with recycled content material that was purchased in prior years made out of raw material, when practical. Yolo County requires each department to report annually on efforts made to reduce the county's carbon footprint or implement new sustainability programs. This information is compiled by the Division of Integrated Waste Management into an annual report to the Board of Supervisors. 	2017























Renewable Energy and Low-Carbon Fuels Activity

Level	Renewable Energy and Low Carbon Fuels Activity	Reported
Silver	1. Yolo County has been a national leader in renewable energy projects for agency facilities. As of 2013, it is the only county in the U.S. that is grid positive – meaning it produces more electricity through renewable energy projects than the county facilities use. Through the county's renewable energy project investments, the county enjoys an annual revenue stream of about \$2 million which is used to help the county's general fund needs.	2017
Level	Renewable Energy and Low Carbon Fuels Activity	Reported
Gold	 Yolo county owns and operates renewable energy that generates 7MW of renewable power at three sites: at the Justice campus (1 MW), the Beamer and Cottonwood campus (.8 MW on the ground and .2 on the roof of the building) and at the county Grasslands Park just south of Davis (5 MW ground mounted tracker). Some of the electricity produced is used by 	2017

 The Yolo County Justice Campus Solar project. The installed solar array, which is owned by the county, produces 1 MW of electricity (thus avoiding 2.2 million pounds of GHG emissions annually).
 The site is estimated to produce 2,054,985 kWh in the first year alone and is estimated to save the County \$8.7 million over the life of the system above the debt service.

systems will produce over \$60 million in net revenue for Yolo County over 35 years, over and above the debt service for the projects. The projects were accomplished with a zero capital investment, because the system

- 2. Grasslands and Cottonwood projects. The 5 MW Grasslands system south of Davis and the .8 MW Cottonwood project in Woodland began operation in July 2013. The innovative project required no capital investment from the county and is estimated to save \$2.4 million in utility costs. The projects produced about 150 percent of the power used by the facilities.
- 2. The contractor for the above solar project, in response to a request from the county, donated \$1.2 from its educational foundation to the Yolo County Office of Education. This enabled Yolo County to establish K-12 Energy Academies for local students. The academies teach students about environmental science, renewable energy technology and energy auditing.









pays for the debt service each year.















Renewable Energy and Low-**Carbon Fuels Activity**

Level	Renewable Energy and Low Carbon Fuels Activity	Reported
Platinum	 In 2011, the Board of Supervisors authorized the county to enter into a nocost solar installation agreement to install solar PV panels at the Davis, Clarksburg, Esparto, Knights Landing and Yolo libraries. (The latter four locations are in rural, unincorporated communities in the county.) The project will generate over \$490,000 savings to the library fund from energy savings over the next twenty-five years. The county's new Bauer Alcohol, Drug and Mental Health Building includes solar PV panels that produce 40% of the building's power needs. In 2009, the Board of Supervisors approved using New Clean Renewable Energy Bonds (CREBs) and Qualified Energy Conservation (QECBs) to install a solar array on the Monroe Detention Center Site. These two federal programs provide tax incentives and offer attractive, low-cost financing for deploying projects that will generate clean, reliable and affordable energy. The project installed a 1 MW of solar array on the facility. Yolo County has received numerous awards recognizing its leadership in embracing innovative, renewable solar energy projects. These include: 2010 – US National Renewable Energy Laboratory recognizes Yolo County as the "First Known use of Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (FQECBs), saving the county at least \$8.7 million over 25 years; 2013 – U.S. EPA recognizes Yolo County as being among the nation's leading green power users; 2014 – Yolo County receives a leadership award for its Renewable Energy for Countywide Solar Project at the Green California Summit; 2016 – The California Counties Architects and Engineers Association recognizes Yolo County with two awards: the Grand Award for Project of the Year and the Project of the Year for a Medium Size County. 	2017























Efficient Transportation Activity

Level	Efficient Transportation Activity	Reported
Silver	In 2014, in partnership with the City of Woodland, Yolo County installed EV charging stations in downtown Woodland at the city library and near Woodland City Hall.	2017

Level	Efficient Transportation Activities	Reported
Gold	 Yolo County's General Plan includes a policy to reduce vehicle miles traveled in new development through transportation management best practices. The county installed bike lanes on about five miles of County Road 98, a main road connecting the City of Davis and the City of Woodland, thus facilitating safe bicycle travel, including commuters, between the two cities. 	2017

Level	Efficient Transportation Activity	Reported
Platinum	 To help the City of Woodland, Yolo County promotes Woodland's Safe Routes to Schools program through its website and other materials. Yolo County first installed charging stations for electric vehicles at the Planning and Public Works Department building. Subsequent charging stations were installed at the Herbert Bauer, M.D. Health and Alcohol, Drug & Mental Health building. Charging stations will be added to all future facilities as well. The Yolo County Transportation District's YoloBus fleet has been converted from diesel to natural gas use. Yolo County is a member of the Transportation District. Yolo County requires staff to rent alternative fueled or clean burning fueled vehicles when traveling, and sets a goal of reducing fuel consumption by 10 percent through purchase of these vehicles. 	2017























Land Use and Community Design Activity

Level	Land Use and Community Activity	Reported
Silver	1. The county has an historic record of agricultural land preservation, strictly observed, dating back more than 50 years. A central tenet of all county land use decisions is that new growth be directed towards the cities as infill rather than sprawl. As a result, about 85 – 90 percent of Yolo County residents live in one of the four incorporated cities, while only 20,000 residents live in the unincorporated area of the county. Although adherence to this policy has been costly to the county in terms of foregone opportunities for tax revenues, the resulting infill development has been an important contributor to greenhouse gas reduction. UC Davis researchers determined that energy intensity on urban land is 70 times what it is on agricultural land. The Yolo County General Plan specifically requires direction of new growth to the extent feasible to existing communities in order to reduce vehicle miles traveled.	2017

Level	Land Use and Community Activities	Reported
Gold	 The General Plan also includes policies that encourage existing communities in the unincorporated towns to develop in a sustainable, "smart growth," manner, with housing, jobs, and services similar to those in established communities. By creating full-service communities designed around sustainable land use principles, the General Plan reduces daily VMT and greenhouse gas emissions. In 2015 and 2016, Yolo County adopted a Solar Facilities ordinance to guide planning and approval of solar PV arrays on agricultural land. The ordinance includes provisions for small, medium, large and very large systems and was adopted after extensive public input from the agricultural community. (See Yolo County Government Code Title 8, Chapter 2, Section 8-2.1104 and following: http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/California/yolocounty_ca/yolocountycacodeofordinances? f=templates\$fn=default.htm\$3.0\$vid=amlegal:yolocounty_ca.) 	2017























Land Use and Community Design Activity

Level	Land Use and Community Activity	Reported
Platinum	 Well before it was common practice, in 2009, Yolo County included over 350 goals, policies and actions related to climate change and sustainability in its 2030 General Plan update. Specific goals, policies, and action items are incorporated into all the General Plan elements, including Transportation and Land Use. Examples of policies in the Land Use element of the General Plan that promote sustainability include: (1) The requirement that new services and infrastructure be located and designed to only serve existing and planned land uses. Growth inducing action beyond planned levels are prohibited; (2) New projects must be designed with "smart growth" and "green building" standards that reflect the County's commitment to sustainable development; (3) Reduced dependence on fossil fuels, extracted underground metals, chemicals, and other non-renewable resources by requiring projects to take advantage of shade, prevailing winds, landscaping, and use of the sun to reduce energy usage; (4) Use of compact and clustered residential development, including reduced minimum lot sizes; (5) Reduction of "heat islands" through light colored roads and parking lots; and (6) Requirement that projects adhere to sustainable design principles as provided in the SACOG Blueprint and the Ahwahnee Principles. In 2010, Yolo County adopted a Climate Action Plan to guide its greenhouse gas and sustainability actions. The Plan includes a mandatory 2020 GHG reduction target to 1990 levels, 27 percent below 1990 levels by 2030, and 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050. The General Plan establishes "complete streets "requirements for future transportation infrastructure, including maximum 600 foot block lengths, narrow streets with adequate tree shade, separated sidewalks, convenient and secure bike parking, and avoidance of cul-de-sacs and other pedestrian and bicycle barriers. The General Plan goal of reducing greenhouse gas emissions and planning for adaptation to future consequences of c	2017























Open Space and Offsetting Carbon Emission Activity

Level	Open Space Offsetting Carbon Emission Activities	Reported
Silver	1. Agriculture is an essential part of the Yolo County economy, as well as its heritage. Yolo County has a more than 50-year record of agricultural land preservation with population growth directed to cities: infill rather than sprawl. In terms of greenhouse gas emissions, scientists at UC Davis, working on behalf of the California Energy Commission, determined that urban land is 70 times more energy intensive (and thereby greenhouse gas producing) than agricultural land, making Yolo County's ag and preservation policy one of the most effect measures available to a rural, ag-based county.	2017

Level	Open Space Offsetting Carbon Emission Activities	Reported
Gold	 Yolo County established the Yolo Ag Fund as a central component of the county's efforts to support agricultural sustainability in the face of potential changes to the existing landscape of the county. Yolo County possesses a bounty of agricultural riches sustained by innovative growers, supported by efforts of local government entities to preserve agricultural land, and buoyed by local communities increasingly supportive of the "farm-to-table" and "locavore" movements. http://www.yolocounty.org/home/showdocument?id=26874 Dedicated in 2013, the Yolo County Health and Human Services Agency hosts the Hanna and Herbert Bauer Memorial Garden. The garden helps residents overcome barriers to obtaining fruits and vegetables by increasing access to fresh produce and education on how to grow produce and encouraging appreciation for locally sourced food items, thereby encouraging practices that reduce transportation miles from farm to table. 	2017

Level	Open Space Offsetting Carbon Emission Activities	Reported
Platinum	As a result of the 2020 goals specified in the General Plan, the Yolo County Agricultural Commissioner initiated the Farm to School Yolo Program to promote local agricultural viability and to reduce food miles and thus CO2 emissions.	2017























Open Space and Offsetting Carbon Emission Activity

Level	Open Space Offsetting Carbon Emission Activities	Reported
Platinum	 The Yolo County General Plan requires the Agriculture Commissioner to inform Yolo farmers about methods to reduce nitrogen fertilizer use with minimal effect on crop yield. Excessive nitrogen application generates large amounts of nitrous oxide, a potent greenhouse gas. As a result, the Commissioner, in partnership with the Yolo County Farm Bureau, has conducted a 3-year irrigated lands program through which farmers receive information on methods to assess nitrate needs. In addition, a workshop for tree farmers was conducted that focused on efficient nitrogen applications. Yolo County's Agricultural Land Mitigation Program has long required mitigation for farmland conversions at a 1:1 ratio (one acre permanently conserved for every acre converted to urban development or other nonagricultural uses). Yolo County has given several grants to the Yolo Land Trust to help the Trust complete multiple conservation easements to preserve open space and agricultural land in the county. Yolo County also is a "third party beneficiary" of several Yolo Land Trust easements, and, as a result of the county's farmland conversion policy, would thus step in and defend the easement against conversion if the YLT did not. UC Davis scientists in conjunction with the California Energy Commission, estimate that urban land is 70 times more energy intensive, and therefor greenhouse gas intensive, than agricultural land The county Planning & Public Works operates a small nursery and provides tree planting for county facilities. The county General Plan encourages forestation as a means of storing carbon dioxide with the goal of doubling the tree canopy in unincorporated communities by 2030. 	2917























Promoting Community and Individual Action Activity

Level	Promoting Community and Individual Action Activities	Reported
Silver	1. In 2007, Yolo County organized the Yolo County Climate Change Compact. Still meeting in 2017, the Compact brings together representatives from the county, the four Yolo County cities, the University of California, Davis, PG&E, Yolo County Housing, Yolo-Solano Air Quality Management District, Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, each of the five school districts in the County, and Yoche De He (the Yolo County based Wintun Indian tribe) for bi-monthly meetings to share information on energy efficiency, renewable energy, greenhouse gas reduction, and sustainability. The June 9, 2017 meeting, for example, brought together representatives from each jurisdiction to talk about progress towards greenhouse gas reduction goals; problems encountered in reaching those goals, and shared solutions for overcoming those problems.	2017

Level	Promoting Community and Individual Action Activities	Reported
Gold	 In 2016 Yolo County sponsored a "Festival of Services" for the unincorporated community of Madison to promote water and energy efficiency. Yolo Energy Watch provides "watt-meters," a device to measure the amount of electricity being used by appliances, to every library in the county. The watt-meters are encased in a container that looks like a book, and can be checked out just like a book by any resident with a library card. These watt-meters were also provided to schools for use in their libraries and by science teachers. 	2017

Level	Promoting Community and Individual Action Activities	Reported
Platinum	 The Yolo Energy Watch partnered with the Woodland Tree Foundation over a three-year period to encourage tree planting to shade both residences and school facilities, thereby reducing the need for airconditioning. The Yolo Energy Watch initiated a "Young Energy Leaders" program over a three-year period to place high school and UC Davis students as interns in local community organizations working to encourage energy efficiency and renewable. The students were trained and provided with a stipend. 	2017























Promoting Community and Individual Action Activity

Level	Promoting Community and Individual Action Activities	Reported
Platinum	 In conjunction with UC Davis Extension's Studio 30 college course, Yolo Energy Watch sponsored a three-quarter class for students to imagine an "Eco-City" of the future. The class included speakers and materials for students to understand the elements of a Climate Action Plan. Students then developed written and visual materials to describe and display what an energy efficient city with minimal greenhouse gas emissions would look like and how it would function in terms of transportation, building efficiency, land use, water and energy efficiency, renewable energy sources, etc. In 2012, and again in 2013, Yolo County sponsored a collaborative purchasing program for solar photovoltaic systems. It initially invited participation from the limited universe of city and county employees but was expanded to be accessible to any resident of the county or any person who worked in the county. Because the program identified a large number of persons willing to participate, this "bulk purchasing" approach significantly lowered the cost of a solar system for each participant. 	2017























Promoting Good Government at the Local Level

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